- The mono-PEG-IL-10 of claim 1, comprising one or two PEG molecules covalently attached via a linker to one amino acid residue on IL-10, wherein the attachment is at an N-terminal amino acid residue or on a lysine residue.
 - 3. The mono-PEG-IL-10 of claim 2:
 - (a) which comprises a methoxy PEG;
 - (b) wherein the IL-10 is human IL-10;
 - (c) wherein the total molecular mass of all PEG covalently attached to the linker is from 3,000 daltons to 60,000 daltons; or
 - (d) wherein the linker is a linear or branched C₁₋₁₁ alkyl.
 - 4. The mono-PEG-IL-10 of claim wherein the total molecular mass of all PEG covalently attached to the linker is from 10,000 daltons to 36,000 daltons.
 - 5. The mono-PEG-IL-10 of dlaim 2, wherein the linker is a linear C₃ alkyl.
 - 6. The mono-PEG-IL-10 of claim 1, wherein a PEG motecule is covalently attached to the alpha amino group of one N-terminus of IL-10 via a linear C₃ alkyl linker.
- 7. A PEG-IL-10 comprising the formula: [X-O(CH₂CH₂O)_n]_b-L-NH-IL-10,

where X is H or Q_{1-4} alkyl, n is 20 to 2300, b is 1 to 9 and L is a C_{1-11} alkyl finker moiety which is covalently attached to nitrogen (N) of the alpha amino group at the amino terminus of one IL-10 subunit, provided that when b is greater than 1 the total of n does not exceed 2300.

30 8. A PEG-IL-10 of claim 7, wherein L is -CH₂CH₂CH₂-

OPENTED 15

20

- 10. A method of treating inflammation in an individual in need of such treatment,
 5 comprising administering to the individual a therapeutically effective amount of a pharmaceutical composition of claim 9.
 - A process for preparing a mono-PEG-IL-10, comprising the step of:
 reacting IL-10 with an activated PEG-aldehyde linker in the presence of a reducing agent to form the mono-PEG-IL-10,

wherein the linker is covalently attached to one amino acid residue of the IL-10.

- 12. The process of claim 11 wherein:
- (a) the reducing agent is sodium cyanoborohydride;
- (b) the activated PEG-aldehyde linker is PEG-propionaldehyde;
- (c) the PEG is a methoxy-PEG;
- (d) the linker is multi-armed;

daltons to 60,000 daltons; or

- (e) the ratio of IL-10 to the sodium cyanoborohydride is from about 1:0.5 to 1:50;
- (f) the total molecular mass of all PEG comprising the PEG-aldehyde linker is from 3,000
- (g) the reacting step is performed at a pH of 5.5 to 7.8.
 - 13. The process of claim 11, wherein the ratio of IL-10 to the sodium cyanoborohydride is 1:5 to 1:15.
 - 14. The process of claim 11, wherein the total molecular mass of all PEG comprising the PEG-aldehyde linker is from 10,000 daltons to 36,000 daltons.
 - 15. The process of claim 11, wherein the reacting step is performed at a pH of 6.3 to 7.5.
 - 16. The process of claim 11, further comprising a step selected from: incubating the mono-PEG-IL-10 product in a buffer at pH 5.0 to 9.0; and

20

25

30

treating the mono-PEG-IL-10 product with 0.05 to 0.4 M hydroxylamine HCl salt.

17. A process for preparing a mono-PEG-IL-10, comprising the step of:
reacting IL-10 with an activated PEG-propionaldehyde linker in the presence of sodium
cyanoborohydride, wherein the molar ratio of IL-10 to sodium cyanoborohydride is from about
1:5 to about 1:15, at a pH of about 6.3 to about 7.5 and a temperature of from 18° C to 25° C to
form the mono-PEG-IL-10,

wherein the linker is covalently attached to one arino acid residue of the IL-10.

- 18. The process of claim 17, wherein the total molecular mass of all PEG comprising the PEG-aldehyde linker is from 10,000 daltons to 36,000 daltons.
- 19. The process of claim 17, further comprising a step selected from: incubating the mono-PEG-IL-10 product in a TRIS buffer at pH 7.0 to 8.0; and treating the mono-PEG-IL-10 product with 0.05 to 0.4 M hydroxylamine HCl salt.
- 20. A PEG-IL-10 prepared according to a process of claim 11.

apply